

ATTACHMENT 2 (e)

Course Specifications

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

The National Commission for Academic Accreditation & Assessment

**Course Specifications
(CS)**

Course Specifications

Institution	Najran University	Date of Report
College/Department : Faculty of Art and Science /Computer Science Department		

A. Course Identification and General Information

1. Course title and code: Title: Introduction to computers and information technology Code: 101CS-4 (١٠١ع-٤)			
2. Credit hours : 4			
3. Program(s) in which the course is offered. (If general elective available in many programs indicate this rather than list programs) Computer Science Program			
4. Name of faculty member responsible for the course Dr. Khalid Mohamed Alalaya			
5. Level/year at which this course is offered: Level 1 / 1 st year			
6. Pre-requisites for this course (if any) There is no			
7. Co-requisites for this course (if any) None			
8. Location if not on main campus Male and Female Branches			
9. Mode of Instruction (mark all that apply)			
a. Traditional classroom	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	What percentage?	<input type="text" value="100%"/>
b. Blended (traditional and online)	<input type="checkbox"/>	What percentage?	<input type="text"/>
c. e-learning	<input type="checkbox"/>	What percentage?	<input type="text"/>
d. Correspondence	<input type="checkbox"/>	What percentage?	<input type="text"/>
f. Other	<input type="checkbox"/>	What percentage?	<input type="text"/>
Comments: We still teach this course using traditional methods but there is a plan to transform all course into electronic format using E-learning			

B Objectives

1. What is the main purpose for this course? 1) Develop basic skills in Computer and Information Technology. 2) Increasing knowledge about the terms that relate to information technology and computer science major. 3) Differentiate between types of computers and its main parts and software.
2. Briefly describe any plans for developing and improving the course that are being implemented. (e.g. increased use of IT or web based reference material, changes in content as a result of new research in the field)

C. Course Description (Note: General description in the form to be used for the Bulletin or handbook should be attached)

This course introduces students to computer history, knowledge of computer components and its type. It includes the digital and number systems. It also covers the computer software and properties, idea of data communication and network, knowledge of Internet.

1. Topics to be Covered		
List of Topics	No. of Weeks	Contact Hours
Computer History	1	3
Computer components and types	1	3
The input and output units	1	3
Digital Systems and Number System: Digital System, Binary Numbers , Number Base conversion , Octal and Hexadecimal , Complement, Signed and Unsigned Binary Numbers , Arithmetic Operations (Addition, Subtraction, Division, and Multiplication), Binary codes , ASCII code, Unicodes.	3	9
Storage devices and file systems	1	3
Computer software and properties	1	3
Problem solving using Flowchart	4	12
Data Communications and Networks	1	3
Internet	2	6

1. Topics to be Covered		
List of Topics	No. of Weeks	Contact Hours
Hardware (CPU) Computer Components Computer Maintenance	3	2
Windows 7	1	2
MS Word	2	6
MS Power Point	2	6
MS Excel	2	6
Discussion Flowchart	1	2
Viruses, Trojan, Antivirus, Firewall	1	2
Internet	2	2

2. Course components (total contact hours and credits per semester):						
	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Practical	Other:	Total
Contact Hours	45		30			75
Credit	45		15			60

3. Additional private study/learning hours expected for students per week.	2 hours
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4. Course Learning Outcomes in NQF Domains of Learning and Alignment with Assessment Methods and Teaching Strategy
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Course Learning Outcomes, Assessment Methods, and Teaching Strategy work together and are aligned. They are joined together as one, coherent, unity that collectively articulate a consistent agreement between student learning, assessment, and teaching.

The *National Qualification Framework* provides five learning domains. Course learning outcomes are required. Normally a course has should not exceed eight learning outcomes which align with one or more of the five learning domains. Some courses have one or more program learning outcomes integrated into

the course learning outcomes to demonstrate program learning outcome alignment. The program learning outcome matrix map identifies which program learning outcomes are incorporated into specific courses.

On the table below are the five NQF Learning Domains, numbered in the left column.

First, insert the suitable and measurable course learning outcomes required in the appropriate learning domains (see suggestions below the table). **Second**, insert supporting teaching strategies that fit and align with the assessment methods and intended learning outcomes. **Third**, insert appropriate assessment methods that accurately measure and evaluate the learning outcome. Each course learning outcomes, assessment method, and teaching strategy ought to reasonably fit and flow together as an integrated learning and teaching process. **Fourth**, if any program learning outcomes are included in the course learning outcomes, place the @ symbol next to it.

Every course is not required to include learning outcomes from each domain.

	NQF Learning Domains And Course Learning Outcomes	Course Teaching Strategies	Course Assessment Methods
1.0	Knowledge		
1.1	Lists the principles, concepts and knowledge necessary in the field of Computer Science.	Lecture	Achievement test
1.2	Distinguish between types of computers and their parts	Lecture	Achievement test
1.3	Distinguish between types of office software and methods of use.	Lecture Problem Solving. Lab method	Achievement test
1.4	Defines the responsibilities and ethical issues associated with the professional and personal propriety and copyrights.	Lecture and Discussion	Achievement test
2.0	Cognitive Skills		
2.1	Development of basic skills for computer maintenance.	Lecture, Problem Solving. Lab method , Self-learning Brainstorming.	Observation, Projects,
2.2	Uses independent logical thinking and creative to solving problems and building flowcharts and problem solving.	Lecture, Problem Solving. Lab method , Self-learning Brainstorming.	Observation, Projects,
3.0	Interpersonal Skills & Responsibility		
3.1			
3.2			
4.0	Communication, Information Technology, Numerical		
4.1	Uses modern technology and develop skills use office programs	Problem Solving , Discussion and dialogue, Lab method	Observation , Projects, Interview
4.2			
5.0	Psychomotor		

5.1			
5.2			

Suggested Guidelines for Learning Outcome Verb, Assessment, and Teaching

NQF Learning Domains	Suggested Verbs
Knowledge	list, name, record, define, label, outline, state, describe, recall, memorize, reproduce, recognize, record, tell, write
Cognitive Skills	estimate, explain, summarize, write, compare, contrast, diagram, subdivide, differentiate, criticize, calculate, analyze, compose, develop, create, prepare, reconstruct, reorganize, summarize, explain, predict, justify, rate, evaluate, plan, design, measure, judge, justify, interpret, appraise
Interpersonal Skills & Responsibility	demonstrate, judge, choose, illustrate, modify, show, use, appraise, evaluate, justify, analyze, question, and write
Communication, Information Technology, Numerical	demonstrate, calculate, illustrate, interpret, research, question, operate, appraise, evaluate, assess, and criticize
Psychomotor	demonstrate, show, illustrate, perform, dramatize, employ, manipulate, operate, prepare, produce, draw, diagram, examine, construct, assemble, experiment, and reconstruct

Suggested **verbs not to use** when writing measurable and assessable learning outcomes are as follows:

Consider	Maximize	Continue	Review	Ensure	Enlarge	Understand
Maintain	Reflect	Examine	Strengthen	Explore	Encourage	Deepen

Some of these verbs can be used if tied to specific actions or quantification.

Suggested assessment methods and teaching strategies are:

According to research and best practices, multiple and continuous assessment methods are required to verify student learning. Current trends incorporate a wide range of rubric assessment tools; including web-based student performance systems that apply rubrics, benchmarks, KPIs, and analysis. Rubrics are especially helpful for qualitative evaluation. Differentiated assessment strategies include: exams, portfolios, long and short essays, log books, analytical reports, individual and group presentations, posters, journals, case studies, lab manuals, video analysis, group reports, lab reports, debates, speeches, learning logs, peer evaluations, self-evaluations, videos, graphs, dramatic performances, tables, demonstrations, graphic organizers, discussion forums, interviews, learning contracts, antidotal notes, artwork, KWL charts, and concept mapping.

Differentiated teaching strategies should be selected to align with the curriculum taught, the needs of students, and the intended learning outcomes. Teaching methods include: lecture, debate, small group work, whole group and small group discussion, research activities, lab demonstrations, projects, debates, role playing, case studies, guest speakers, memorization, humor, individual presentation, brainstorming, and a wide variety of hands-on student learning activities.

5. Schedule of Assessment Tasks for Students During the Semester			
	Assessment task (e.g. essay, test, group project, examination, speech, oral presentation, etc.)	Week Due	Proportion of Total Assessment
1	Mid-term exam	8	20
2	Quizzes and Assignments	During the semester	10
3	Mid-Term Lab Exam	10	10
4	Final Lab Exam	15	10
5	Final Exam	At the end of semester	40
6	Attendance	During the semester	10

D. Student Academic Counseling and Support

1. Arrangements for availability of faculty and teaching staff for individual student consultations and academic advice. (include amount of time teaching staff are expected to be available each week)

E. Learning Resources

1. List Required Textbooks الحاسوب والبرمجيات الجاهزة (مهارات الحاسوب) تأليف : محمد بلال الزعبي وآخرون Microsoft Office Professional 2010 Step by Step Devon Musgrave .
2. List Essential References Materials (Journals, Reports, etc.)
3. List Recommended Textbooks and Reference Material (Journals, Reports, etc) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Microsoft Office 2010 Plain & Simple by Katherine Murray Office 2010 Simplified by Kate Shoup
4. List Electronic Materials (eg. Web Sites, Social Media, Blackboard, etc.)
5. Other learning material such as computer-based programs/CD, professional standards or regulations and software.

F. Facilities Required

Indicate requirements for the course including size of classrooms and laboratories (i.e. number of seats in classrooms and laboratories, extent of computer access etc.)
1. Accommodation (Classrooms, laboratories, demonstration rooms/labs, etc.) Classrooms for 20-30 students with data show Laboratories 20-30 students with Office programs 2010 and windows 7 or 8
2. Computing resources (AV, data show, Smart Board, software, etc.) Classrooms Should include data show and also laboratories
3. Other resources (specify, e.g. if specific laboratory equipment is required, list requirements or attach list)

G Course Evaluation and Improvement Processes

1 Strategies for Obtaining Student Feedback on Effectiveness of Teaching: ✓ Distribution of a questionnaire for students to know how to achieve the goals in the theoretical and practical side.
2 Other Strategies for Evaluation of Teaching by the Program/Department Instructor: ✓ Discussions with colleagues who specialize in teaching methods and means of learning. ✓ Self-evaluation of the performance of the teacher. ✓ Discussions with other colleagues who taught this course.
3 Processes for Improvement of Teaching ✓ Diagnose weaknesses and turn them into strengths. ✓ Discussions about the decision and methods of teaching ✓ Study the needs of the labor market of college graduates
4. Processes for Verifying Standards of Student Achievement (e.g. check marking by an independent member teaching staff of a sample of student work, periodic exchange and remarking of tests or a sample of assignments with staff at another institution)
5 Describe the planning arrangements for periodically reviewing course effectiveness and planning for improvement.

Faculty or Teaching Staff: Dr. Khalid Mohamed Alalaya

Signature: _____ **Date Report Completed:** _____

Received by: _____ **Dean/Department Head**

Signature: _____ **Date:** _____